

LAST FULL MEASURE

The Battle of Second Manassas

After the Seven Days campaign Robert E. Lee reorganized his army into, what he called, "commands," because he could not, by Confederate law, form "corps" or any formation larger than a division. Dividing the army into two "commands," one under James Longstreet and the other under Thomas Jackson; and the cavalry into a division of three brigades under J.E.B. Stuart; he rested and refurbished the army near Richmond.

Lincoln brought east generals John Pope and Henry Halleck. McClellan showed no signs of renewing the offensive and eventually Lincoln ordered the army withdrawn to Washington. Halleck replaced Winfield Scott as General in Chief while Pope had organized the Army of Virginia of three corps and ordered it concentrated in the area between Warrenton and Culpepper with the intent to move south, a move more easily ordered than executed.

Lee, planning an offensive of his own, sent Jackson's command to block Pope, and discerning that McClellan wasn't going to go on the offensive, reinforced Jackson with A.P.Hill's division. Learning that the Federal IX corps had been ordered to move to the Fredericksburg area, Lee ordered Jackson to strike before Pope did. Jackson, who had a habit of not telling his division commanders what the plan was, stumbled his way to Culpepper, and on August 9th, ran into Nathanial Banks' II corps at Cedar Mountain. The Federals attacked and were initially successful, mostly because the Confederates division commanders didn't know what the plan was. As the Federal attack was losing steam, A.P.Hill's division joined the fight and pushed the Federals back, advancing to within seven miles of Culpepper.

Gambling that McClellan was indeed being withdrawn and Richmond was not under threat, and feeling the need to deal with Pope before he could be reinforced by McClellan, Lee moved Longstreet's command to join Jackson. On August 15th, the Army of Northern Virginia moved to positions on the Rapidan River, facing Pope

who was concentrated near Culpepper, between the Rapidan and the Rappahannock. Lee's attack was delayed for two days by logistical problems, and Stuart was surprised by Federal cavalry and nearly captured, in fact Captain Fitzhugh of Stuart's staff was captured with the order outlining Lee's plan on his person. Pope, learning of this planned attack withdrew his army north of the Rappahannock. Stuart harassed the Federal movement, raiding Pope's headquarters on August 22nd, obtaining Pope's dispatch case. From this Lee learned that divisions of the Army of the Potomac were near at hand, and divided his army sending Jackson and Stuart in a wide sweep north of Pope to move him out his position on the Rappahannock. Longstreet would follow by the same route as Jackson and both wings would strike Pope once he was in the open.

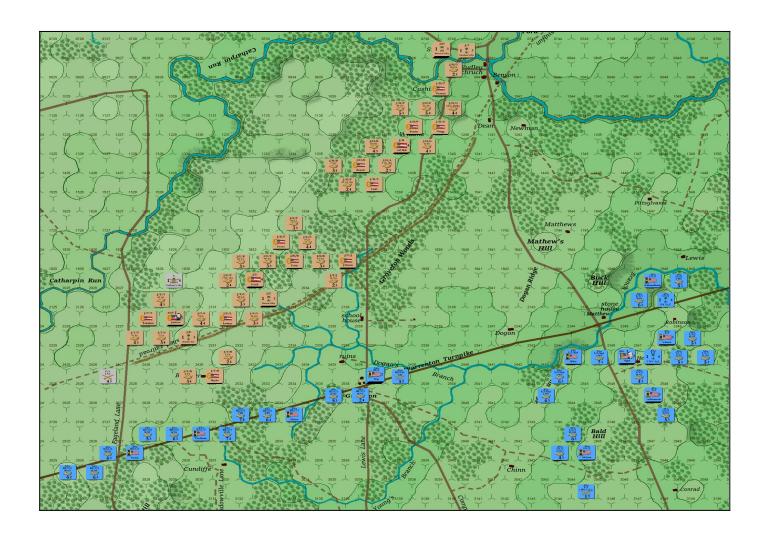
Pope was aware of Jackson's movement on August 25, but Longstreet was demonstrating on his front as if trying to force a crossing of the Rappahannock. Pope was convinced Jackson was moving to the Shenandoah Valley, and never imagined he might be moving around his flank Jackson passed, unopposed through to his rear. Thoroughfare Gap and into Pope's rear, reaching Gainesville on the morning of August 26th and moved on to Bristoe Station, 20 miles in Pope's rear. Here he cut the telegraph and burned the railroad trestle over Broad Run. Jackson's command had marched 56 miles in two days and was exhausted, but they moved on four miles more to capture Pope's main supply depot at Manassas junction where they looted all they could take and destroyed the rest. Jackson then moved to wait for Longstreet at Stoney Ridge near Groveton on the Warrenton Turnpike. A.P.Hill took a wrong turn and wound up at Centreville before reconnecting with Jackson above Groveton. Meanwhile, Lee with Longstreet approached the Thoroughfare Gap.

Pope was at Warrenton Junction August 26th trying to coordinate his army when he heard of the raid on Manassas Junction. Besides his three corps, he had

reinforcements from the Army of the Potomac in the form of Heintzelman's III corps, Porter's V corps, and two divisions of the IX corps under Reno. He ordered McDowell's III corps and Sigel's I corps to Gainesville, and next morning ordered Hooker's division of the AoP III corps to advance from Warrenton and drive of the Confederate raiders. Hooker fought with Ewell's division at Bristoe Station. Pope joined Hooker at Bristoe at the end of the fight and retired to Manassas. Now realizing he was facing Jackson and not a small cavalry raid, Pope thought this his chance to catch and destroy Jackson's command. Porter was ordered to Manassas from Warrenton, along with Kearney's division, and Reno's command. On the night of the 27th, Pope ordered the army to concentrate at Manassas. Buford's cavalry had skirmished with Longstreet west of Thoroughfare Gap, and sent word of it to McDowell at Gainesville. McDowell & Sigel marched off to Manassas as ordered, but McDowell, on his own initiative, sent Ricketts'

division to occupy the gap. Pope learned that A.P.Hill was in Centreville while he was surveying the destruction of his supplies at Manassas Junction. Assuming Jackson's entire force was now between his army and Washington, he directed the army to Centreville.

On August 28th, Longstreet engaged Ricketts at Thoroughfare Gap. McDowell and Sigel marched toward Manassas, and then got the order to go to Centreville. Sigel moved north and turned east on the Warrenton turnpike stopping around Henry Hill on the old Bull Run battlefield. Reynold's division marched directly for Centreville but encountered Confederates near Groveton. After engaging them for a short time, Reynold felt he was being delayed and backed off and marched to Manassas Junction. King's division, the last of McDowell's corps to leave Gainesville, also marched straight on the Warrenton Turnpike for Centreville. About 6pm the head of King's column had reached Groveton.



Scenario 1: August 28 - Groveton.

A. Time: This starts the full battle scenario.

The game starts on the August 28, 5 pm turn and plays through till one player wins, or the end of the 8 pm turn of August 30th. The Confederate player has the initiative on the first turn.

B. Victory Conditions

- At the end of the 8 pm turn of each day, a victory check is made. Both players check their VP totals.
- 2. If one player has a 2 to 1 or greater ratio of VPs than his opponent, with a minimum total of 30 VPs, he wins immediately. If neither side can win, play continues. If, by the last daylight turn of August 30th, neither side has a 2 to 1 ratio, the player with the most VPs wins.
- 3. Each player gains a certain number of Victory Points (VP) for accomplishing the following objectives. Players should keep a running total in the spaces provided on the map.

US CS Objective

- 1 1 eliminated enemy infantry or cavalry strength point.
- 2 eliminated enemy artillery or sharpshooter (USSS) strength point.
- ? Reorganization value of each eliminated enemy corps division, or army commander.

C. Special Rules

- The 5 VA Cav of Lee's cavalry brigade and Pelham's artillery
 of Stuart's cavalry, start attached to Jackson's command, and
 may be placed in command by Jackson directly. When their
 parent organizations enter the map, they return to their regular
 command structure.
- D. Reinforcements enter according to the Order of Appearance.
 - 1. **Jackson** is the Confederate army commander until he is relieved by Lee.
 - 2. **Sigel** is the Union Army commander until he is relieved by Pope.
 - 3. **Pope** commands his own **Army of Virginia** AND the three corps sent to him from **The Army of the Potomac**.

E. Union Deployment

- 2348 Schenk, Stahel, 8 NY, •2 NY (I/1/1)
- 2349 45 NY (I/1/1)
- 2448 27 PA (I/1/1)
- 2449 41 NY (I/1/1)
- 2945 **McLean**, 25 OH, •1 OH, K (I/1/2)
- 2944 73 OH, 75 OH (I/1/2)
- 2844 55 OH (I/1/2)
- 2047 Schimmelfennig, 61 OH (I/1/3)
- 2147 74 PA (I/1/3)
- 2048 8 WV (I/1/3)
- 2148 •*PA Art, F (I/1/3)*
- 2647 **Steinwehr, Koltes,** 68 NY, 73 NY, ·1 *OH,I* (I/2/1)
- 2748 29 NY(I/2/1)
- 2446 Sigel, Schurz (I/3)
 - Krzyzanoski, 54 NY, 75 PA, •2 NY,L (I/3/2)
- 2547 58 NY
- 2444 **Milroy**, 82 OH, •12 OH (I/3/Ind)
- 2544 2 WV (I/3/Ind)
- 2643 3 WV (I/3/Ind)
- 2445 5 WV (I/3/Ind)
- 3145 1 WV Cav,C,E,L (I/3)
- 2447 •1 NY,I •13 NY •WV,C (I/2)
- 2538 1 RI Cav (Ava/III/Cav)
- 2537 **King, Hatch,** 22 NY, 2 USSS (Ava/III/1/1) · 1 NH · 1 NY,L · 1 RI,D · 4 US,B (Ava/III/1)
- 2636 24 NY, 84 NY (Ava/III/1/1)

- 2635 30 NY (Ava/III/1/1)
- 2830 **Doubleday,** 95 NY (AVa/III/1/2)
- 2829 56 PA (Ava/III/1/2)
- 2828 76 NY (Ava/III/1/2)
- 2928 **Patrick,** 21 NY (AVa/III/1/3)
- 2927 23 NY (AVa/III/1/3)
- 3026 35 NY (AVa/III/1/3)
- 3025 80 NY (AVa/III/1/3)
- 2734 **Gibbon,** 6 WI (AVa/III/1/4)
- 2733 2 WI (AVa/III/1/4)
- 2732 7 WI (AVa/III/1/4)
- 2831 19 IN (AVa/III/1/4)

F. Confederate Deployment

- 2229 Jackson, Taliaferro, Starke, 2 LA, Coppen's (J/T/S)
- 2329 1 LA, 15 LA (J/T/S)
- 2230 9 LA, 10 LA (J/T/S)
- 2531 **Baylor,** 5 VA, 27 VA (J/T/B)
- 2431 2 VA, 33 VA (J/T/B)
- 2530 4 VA (J/T/B)
- 1936 **Johnson,** 1 VA Bn, 42 VA, 48 VA (J/T/J)
- 2035 21 VA (J/T/J)
- 2228 **Taliaferro,** 10 VA, 23 VA (J/T/T)
- 2129 47 AL (J/T/T)
- 2320 48 AL, 37 VA (J/T/T)
- 2330 ·Shumaker ·Carpenter ·Poague (J/T) ·Balthis (J/E)
- 1338 **APHill, Archer,** 19 GA, 7 TN, 14 TN (J/H/A)
- 1437 5 AL Bn, 1 TN (J/H/A)
- 1238 **Pender,** 22 NC, 38 NC (J/H/P)
- 1139 16 NC (J/H/P)
- 1138 34 NC (J/H/P)
- 1537 Field, 40 VA, 55 VA (J/H/F)
- 1536 47 VA, 22 VA Bn (J/H/F)
- 1239 **Gregg,** 1 SC, 12 SC (J/H/G)
- 1140 Orr's Rifles (J/H/G)
- 1339 13 SC, 14 SC (J/H/G)
- 1039 **Thomas,** 35 GA, 45 GA (J/H/T)
- 0940 14 GA, 49 GA (J/H/T)
- 0839 ·Braxton ·Crenshaw ·Davidson ·Latham ·McIntosh ·Fleet ·Parker (J/H)
- 0840 ·Cutshaw ·Caskie (J/T)
- 2032 Ewell, Trimble, 15 AL, 12 GA, 21 GA (J/E/T)
- 2031 21 NC, 1 NC Bn (J/E/T)
- 2231 Lawton, 13 GA, 26 GA (J/E/L)
- 2232 31 GA, 38 GA (J/E/L)
- 2132 60 GA, 61 GA (J/E/L)
- 1833 **Forno,** 7 LA, 8 LA (J/E/F)
- 1834 5 LA, 6 LA (J/E/F)
- 1734 14 LA (J/E/F)
- 1934 Early, 31 VA, 44 VA (J/E/E)
- 1935 13 VA, 25 VA (J/E/E)
- 1933 49 VA, 52 VA (J/E/E)
- 1932 58 VA (J/E/E)
- 1436 **Branch,** 18 NC, 28 NC (J/H/B)
- 1435 7 NC (J/H/B)
- 1337 33 NC, 37 NC (J/H/B)
- 2133 ·Courtney ·Johnson ·Andrews ·D 'Aquin ·Brown (J/E)
- 2528 5 VA Cav (Lee/Cav)
- 2031 ·Pelham (Cav)

Scenario 2: August 29th – Longstreet Arrives.

A. Time

The game starts on the August 29TH, 10 am turn and plays through the end of the 8 pm turn. The Union player has the initiative on the first turn.

B. Victory Conditions

At the start of the scenario the Union has 13 VPs (9 for SPs, and 4 for eliminating Ewell). The Confederate has 14 Vps (12 for SPs and 2 for eliminating King).

- 1. At the end of the 8 pm turn, a victory check is made. Both players check their VP totals.
- 2. If one player has a 2 to 1 or greater ratio of VPs than his opponent, he wins, otherwise the game is a draw.
- 3. Each player gains a certain number of Victory Points (VP) for accomplishing the following objectives. Players should keep a running total in the spaces provided on the map.

US CS Objective

- each eliminated enemy infantry or cavalry strength 1 1 point.
- each eliminated enemy artillery or sharpshooter 2 2 (USSS) strength point.
- Command rating of each eliminated enemy corps division, or army commander.

C. Special Rules

- 1. If there is no winner at the end of the 29th, players may opt to play on to the 30th.
- D. Reinforcements enter according to the OOA.
 - 1. Jackson is the Confederate army commander until he is relieved by Lee.
 - 2. Sigel is the Union Army commander until he is relieved by Pope.
 - 3. Pope commands his own Army of Virginia AND the three corps sent to him from The Army of the Potomac.
 - 4. King's division of McDowell's corps retired off-map to Manassas Junction during the night of the 28th. It returns to the map as a reinforcement on the 12pm turn of the 29th at entry hex 5245 after Porter's V corps enters. King is on his Replacement side.
- E. Normal reorganization and recovery rules apply.

F. Deployment

- 1. Artillery may begin limbered or unlimbered.
- 2. Permanently Eliminated SP's placed on Eliminated Units Card

Union

7sp 7 WI (AVa/III/4) 5sp 76 NY (AVa/III/2)

Confederate 2sp 33 VA (ANV/J/T/B) 21 VA (ANV/J/T/J) 2sp 1 NC Bn (ANV/J/E/T) 2sp 3sp 61 GA (ANV/J/E/L)

3. Placement format:

Hex #s... Commander brigade unit ·artillery (formation)

G. Confederate Deployment

- 12 VA Cav, 17 VA Cav Bn, •Pelham 0839
- 0840 Stuart, Robertson, 2 VA Cav, 6 VA Cav, 7 VA Cav
- Branch, 7 NC, 37 NC (J/H/B)
- 1039 18 NC, 33 NC, ·Fleet ·Crenshaw ·Latham ·McIntosh (J/H)
- 1139 28 NC ·Braxton ·Parker ·Davidson (J/H)

- 1238 7 TN, 14 TN
- 1239 Gregg, Orrs Rifles, 13 SC
- 1338 Archer, 5 AL, 19 GA, 1 TN
- 1339 1 SC, 12 SC, 14 SC
- 1437 APHill, 16 NC
- 1438 34 NC
- 1439 **Thomas**, 45 GA, 49 GA
- 1538 Pender, 38 NC, 22 NC
- 1539 14 GA, 35 GA
- 1638 Field, 22 VA Bn, 55 VA (J/H/F)
- 1738 40 VA, 47 VA
- 1837 13 GA, 60 GA
- 1937 J/E/Replacement (Ewell), Lawton, 26 GA, 31 GA (J/E/E)
- 1933 2 LA, 15 LA (J/T/S)
- 1934 Jackson, Taliaferro, Starke, 1 LA, Coppens' (J/T/S)
- 1935 Johnson, 1 VA Bn, 42 VA, 48 VA
- 1936 38 GA
- Baylor, 5 VA, 27 VA, ·Brockenbrough 2033 ·Shenandoah ·Raines
- 2034 9 LA, 10 LA
- **Trimble**, 15 AL, 12 GA, 21 GA, 21 NC (J/T/T) 2035
- 2133 2 VA, 4 VA (J/T/B)
- 2231 Taliaferro, 48 AL, 10 VA, 23 VA, ·Shumaker ·Carpenter ·Poague ·Cutshaw ·Caskie (J/T)
- 2232 37 VA, 47 AL
- 2526 Forno, 7 LA (J/E/F)
- 2527 8 LA, 14 LA
- 5 LA, 6 LA 2626
- Early, 58 VA 2726
- 2727 25 VA, 52 VA · Courtney · Johnson · Andrews
- 2826 13 VA, 49 VA
- 2827 31 VA, 44 VA · D' Oquin · Brown · Balthis
- 3728 5 VA Cav [det] (Lee/Cav)

H. Union Deployment

- 8 WV (Va/I/3/1) 1143
- 1242 Schimmelfennig, 74 PA · 1PA Lt F (Va/I)
- 1343 61 OH
- 1644 99 PA (III/1/3)
- 1744 Poe, 3 MI, 37 NY
- 1745 Robinson, 63 PAM 105 PA
- 1746 20 IN
- 1841 75 PA (I/3/2)
- 1843 2 MI, 5 MI (III/1/3)
- 1844 3 ME, 4 ME (III/1/2)
- 30 OH (III/1/1) 1845
- 1941 58 NY (I/3/2)
- 1942 Schurz, Krzyzanowski, 54 NY, ·2NY Lt L
- 1944 Heintzelman, Kearny, Birney, 1 NY, 101 NY (PIII/1/2)
- 1945 57 PA (PIII/1/2)
- 2044 38 NY, 40 NY
- 2237 5 WV (I/3/In)
- 2238 3 WV
- 2337 2 WV
- 2338 Milroy, 82 OH
- 1 WV CEL •12 OH 2339
- 2343 Sigel, 1 RI Cav ·WV, C ·1 NY, I ·13 NY
- 9 NY Cav, 6 OH Cav (I/Cav) 2247

Union Deployment ~ continued

2248 **Beardsley**, 1 CT Cav Bn, 1 MD Cav, 4 NY Cav

2531 4 PAR (III/PAR/1)

2732 3 PAR, 13 PAR (III/PAR/1)

2831 **Meade**, 7 PAR, 8 PAR (III/PAR/1)

2734 8 NY (I/1/1)

2833 45 NY (I/1/1)

2933 41 NY (I/1/1)

2934 Schenk, Stahel, 27 PA · 2 NY

3033 McLean, 25 OH (I/1/2)

3034 75 OH (I/1/2)

3133 55 OH, · 1 OH, K (I/1/2)

3134 73 OH (I/1/2)

3036 **Reynolds**, **Seymour**, 6 PAR (III/PAR/2)

 $\cdot 1$ PA,A $\cdot 1$ PA,B $\cdot 1$ PA,G $\cdot 5$ US,C (III/PAR)

3136 1 PAR (III/PAR/2)

3137 2 PAR, 5 PAR (III/PAR/2)

3235 9 PAR (III/PAR/3)

3236 **Jackson**, 10 PAR, 11 PAR (III/PAR/3)

3336 12 PAR (III/PAR/3)

2736 **vonSteinwehr**, **Koltes**, 68 NY, 73 NY · 1 *OH,I* (I/2/1)

2835 29 NY (I/2/1)

1956 **Hooker, Grover**, 1 MA, 11 MA, 2 NH (PIII/2/1)

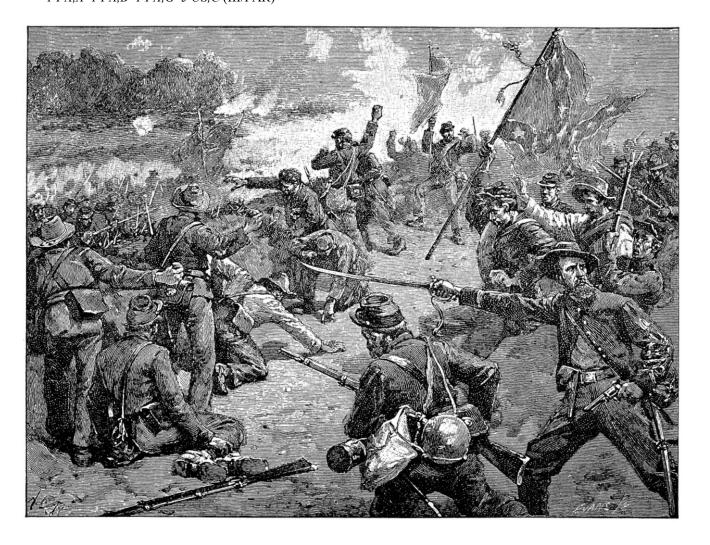
1856 16 MA, 26 PA (PIII/2/1)

1857 Carr, 6 NJ, 8 NJ, 2 NY (PIII/2/3)

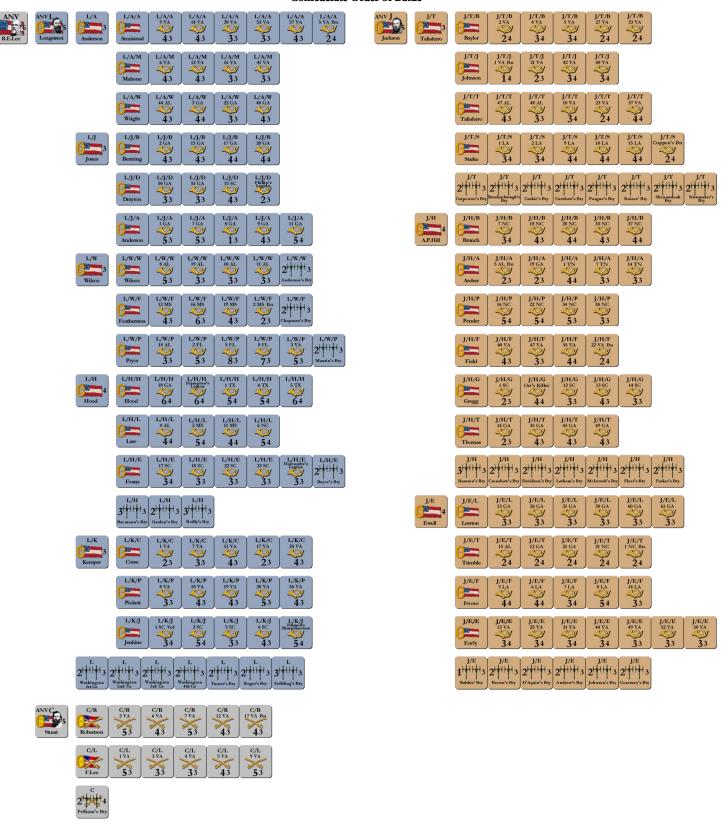
1858 5 NJ, 7 NJ, 115 PA (PIII/2/3)

1759 **Taylor**, 70 NY, 71 NY, 72 NY •6 ME (PIII/2/2)

1760 73 NY, 74 NY (PIII/2/2)



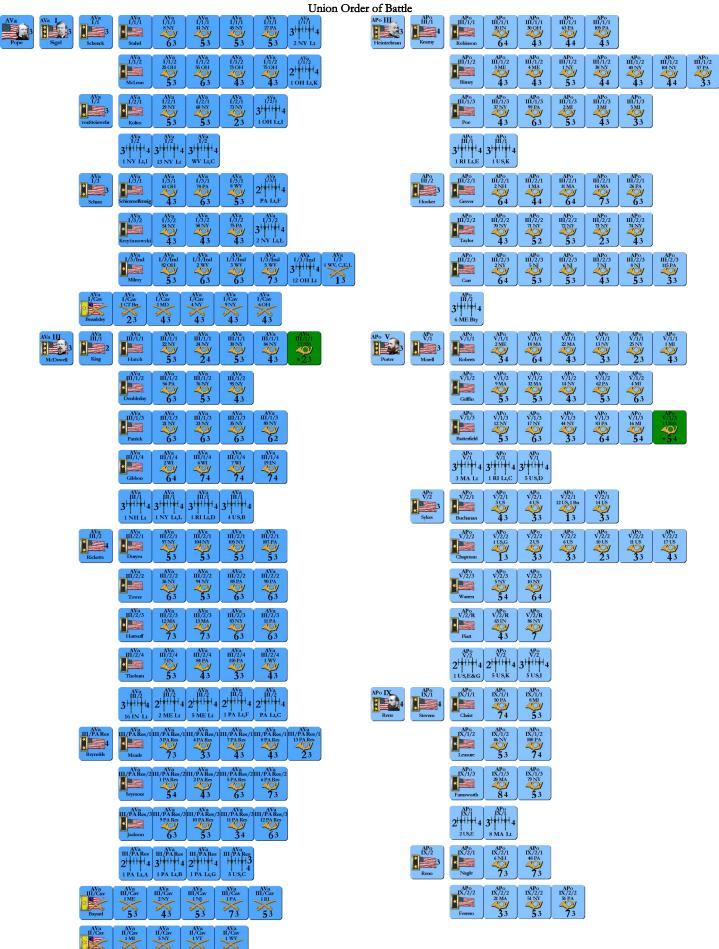
Second Manassas Confederate Order of Battle



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Second Manassas Inion Order of Battle



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